

INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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S E C R E T

COUNTRY Poland

REPORT

SUBJECT

1. Construction Organizations in Poland

DATE DISTR.

31 JAN 1958

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2. New Brick Works in Czestochowa

NO. PAGES

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REFERENCES

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DATE OF INFO.

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SOURCE EVALUATIONS ARE DEFINITIVE. APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.

a. Central Administration of Urban Construction (Centralny Zarzad Budownictwa Miejskiego - CZBM) and the Association of Urban Construction (Zednoczenie Budownictwa Miejskiego - ZBM) with a list and sketch of certain construction projects.

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b. A new brick works in Czestochowa.

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Note: Washington distribution indicated by "X"; Field distribution by "#".

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1. The works are located in Ul. Olsztynska, opposite BIERUT Iron and Steel Works. The assembly work on the project was done by KATOWICE United Enterprise for Assembling Industrial Buildings and Equipment (KATOWICKIE Zjednoczenie Montazu Konstrukcji i Urzadzen Przemyslowych) - "MOSTOSTAL". The work was started in 1955 and in August 1957 the work had progressed far enough to start trial operation of the factory as a whole.
2. The factory equipment, delivered to the site by rail, was officially stated to have come from USSR. Parts of equipment, however, bore German markings and it was generally believed among workers that the equipment came from Eastern Germany.
3. The factory was electrically operated. The number of workers employed at the factory is not known; there were approximately 200 people employed on the site while the assembly work was in progress.
4. The daily output of the factory, when completed and in full operation, will be 60,000 bricks per day.
5. Director of the factory at the time of assembly was WOLNIACZEK, f.n.u. who was said to be a decent man, though Party member.
6. Eng. MAGIERA, f.n.u., an active member of the Communist Party, was in charge of assembly work.
7. Labour force at the factory came mainly from rural area round OZESTOCHOWA. As factory was still under construction the political organisation of workers was completely neglected.

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In the area situated beyond BIERUT Iron and Steel Works (there was a disused landing strip which was still used for training purposes by CZESTOCHOWA Youth Club, using gliders and KUKURUZNIAK planes. The field was used only occasionally and will probably soon disappear altogether as more and more of the area is being taken up for construction of outbuildings for Huta BIERUT.

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Building Industry in Poland

/JAWORNA-DABROA.....

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(a) JAWORZNA-DABROWA Central Regional Office was in charge of the following projects: (These in JAWORZNO are listed as they are placed on the road from PRAGUE to KATOWICE).

1. JAWORZNO-GORNICE: workers' settlement for BIERUT coal mine at present under construction here. Approximate capacity 12,000 persons. 80% of the work was completed by summer 1957.
2. JAWORZNO - TECHNIK: The size of this settlement or its purpose is not known.
3. JAWORZNO - KOMUNA PARYSKA: newly completed workers' settlement for approx. 4000 persons.
4. JAWORZNO - OSIEDLE STALE: (also known as Obez as camp for Poles who have collaborated with Germans, and later political forced labour battalions was located here). On the opposite side of the road from the old camp there was completed workers' settlement for 5-6,000 persons.
5. JAWORZNO-DABROWA: The size of the settlement is not known, but it did not appear to be large.

At the back of OSIEDLE STALE is located JAWORZNO Power Station nr.2.

6. CZERZANOW: Under construction here is a large workers' settlement the purpose of which is not known. The houses are mostly 2 2/3 storey high. CZERZANOW town itself is a centre for metal industry and there exists here a lead and zinc metal works.
7. JAWISZOWICE: A new workers' settlement 4-7,000 persons. The settlement will probably serve the coal mine.
8. ANDRYCHOW: A workers' settlement of 3,000 persons for the Textile workers situated in this town.
9. KETY: The area is covered with industrial objectives as far as WADOWICE. There are considerable number of new shafts being drilled in this area in search for coal deposits, of which there are said to be many of good quality in this area.
10. WADOWICE: There is a workers' settlement under construction for this area which is estimated at 20,000.

(b) OLKUSZ Central Regional Office

1. OLKUSZ: A new workers' settlement for the zinc and lead works. Estimated capacity 4,000 persons.
2. BOLESZLAWIEC: The project can be considered as one with that in OLKUSZ. Capacity estimated as additional 1000 persons.
3. SIERPSA KOJNA: Old workers' settlement here for approx. 1,500/2,000 persons. New additions for approx. 100 persons. Both new and old settlement for coal mine in town.

/OSIEDLE Central Regional Office

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(c) OSIEDL Central Regional Office

This centre had been taken out of the ZBM - JO and was made into an independent administrative unit. Workers' settlement is being built by this office with estimated capacity of 10,000 p 12,000 persons.

3. The finishing work on the building constructed by the ZBM was done by the KZPP - Administration of Auxiliary Production Works, which had their own factories producing prefabricated components.

4. Head of all the factories producing for KZPP was MACIEJEWSKI Henryk. The factories were:-

- (a) Factory for prefabricated joinery products - Bielake, Ul. Lermontowa 2. The factory employed over 100 persons and its monthly consumption of timber was 90cu.m (Stolarnia).
- (b) There was a central factory for prefabricated goods of this type in WOLOMIN near WARSAW, which was very much bigger and served all regional units which did not have factories of their own.
- (c) Another factory for prefabricated parts was located in a camp in JAWORZNO. In charge of this factory was KAWIORSKI Roman, formerly Party secretary.
- (d) In the camp was also located a factory for prefabricated carpentry goods.
- (e) Factory for prefabricated locksmith goods (slusarnia) was located in KRAKOW, Ul. Bialepradnicka Nr. 3.
- (f) Armature (szrojenie) was produced in a factory in JAWORZNO. Location not known.

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Over and above these ~~there~~ were two field prefabrication factories, one in JAWISOW and the other in ANDRYCHOW.

5. All houses built by ZBM, even those under construction in summer 1957, have separate air raid shelters according to the requirements of TOPL. The size of the shelters varies according to the size of the house. The shelters are provided with water and gas for cooking. There is always a tunnel linking the house with the shelter - which is from 6 to 12 m long. The shelters have 12cm reinforced concrete plate on the top, which is then covered with earth. Covered by about one foot of earth are emergency exits.

6. Workers' Settlements for NOVA HUTA Iron & Steel Works:

Workers' settlements for NOVA HUTA iron and steel works, which were planned to hold 70,000 persons, in summer 1957 held over 73,000. The construction of settlements was not completed in Summer 1957. For lay-out of settlements and their designations see attached sketch.

7. Discovery of Salt deposits in JAWORZNO Area

Salt deposits discovered in JAWORZNO were not exploited up to summer 1957. The deposits are of importance as it is said that these of ~~WIELICKA~~ are about to be exhausted.

